COMMITTEE:	CABINET	
DATE:	2 <sup>nd</sup> OCTOBER 2002	
SUBJECT:	CIVIC BUDGET 2002-2003: UPDATE	
REPORT OF:	DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND CORPORATE SERVICES	
Ward(s):	All	
Purpose:	To update Members on the General Fund revenue budget position to the end of August, the projected forecast of the outturn for the full financial year, and the options available to achieve a balanced budget.	
Contact:	Sue McHugh, Director of Finance and Corporate Services, Telephone No. 01323 415104 or internally on extension 5104.	
Recommendations:	Members are asked to -	
	i) note that general fund revenue net expenditure is over budget at the end of August by £109,000	
	ii) note that general fund revenue net expenditure is currently forecast to be £324,000 over budget at 31st March 2003	
	iii) consider the options and outcomes which flow from the review of departmental budgets outlined in paragraph 2.5.3, as soon as these are completed	
1.0 Introd	uction_	
them to	Members receive regular information on the Council's financial position to enable monitor performance and agree appropriate action to ensure spending is in line with This update follows the September Cabinet report informing Members that	

1.2	This report shows the pand takes account of detowards target.		abinet at its last meeting			
2.0	April – Augu	ıst Monitoı	ring_			
2.1	Spend to date and Fore	cast Outturn				
	the table below. A sep end of July to the end of	orted in the September Finance Briefing, the position at 31st August 2002 is shown in le below. A separate table showing the movement of the predicted outturn from the July to the end of August follows. An update on the key risk areas is given at aph 2.3 and details of other significant movements are given at 2.4.				
	General Fund	Budget	Profile	Actual	Varianc	
	Department	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'00	
	Chief Executive	2,273	751	731	Cr2	
	Housing, Health & Community	2,675	1,150	1,186	3	
	Finance	4,292	2,197	2,278	8	
	Tourism & Leisure	2,189	815	792	Cr2	
	Finance &	3,131	1,018	977	Cr4	
	Corporate Services	(285)	76	152	7	
	Planning, Regeneration and					
	Amenities					
	Corporate Costs					
	Total	14,275	6,007	6,116	10	

	<b>Movement</b>	At	At	Movement
	on forecast	31st July	31 <sup>st</sup> Aug	£'000
	outturn	£,000	£000	
	Department			
	Chief Executive	1	Cr35	Cr36
	Housing, Health and Community	232	182	Cr50
	Finance			
,	Tourism and Leisure	168	106	Cr62
	Finance and Corporate Services	3	Cr22	Cr25
	Planning, Regeneration and Amenities	Cr14	Cr23	Cr9
	Corporate Costs	150	116	Cr34
•	Total	540	324	Cr216
1	Both the position to 31 <sup>St</sup> Augu totalling £140,000, which Cabi main reason for the improvem been other significant improve	net agreed to freeze at ent compared with the	its last meeting. In both categories reported last month	ases, this is the th. But there have
	Contingency Budget			

	The budget includes a contingency of £134,000. This sum is largely earmarked for any	
	national pay award in excess of the 3% allowed for in service base budgets. Members of the Local Government Unions and the Employers side have been consulted on a settlement brokered by ACAS, the result of which is imminent.	
	The outturn forecast assumes that the contingency will be spent in full.	
2.3	Key Risk Areas	
2.3.1	Eastbourne Leisure	
	Financial results were better than expected during August, even though this is when income expectations are at their height because of the school summer holidays. This performance, together with the officers annual strategy of aiming to contain reductions in income through reduced spending, has resulted in a revised forecast outturn.	
	Last months predicted shortfall of £16,000 is revised back to a breakeven position by the year end, which is in line with this years budget.	
2.3.2	Coastline Caterers	
	Like Eastbourne Leisure, financial results during August were very good. Unlike Eastbourne Leisure, they were in line with, but not in excess of, budget expectations. Therefore the outturn forecast remains at a shortfall of £100,000.	
2.3.3	Benefits Subsidy	
	Nothing has happened in the last month to warrant a change to the current forecast overspend of £175,000. Housing Benefit payments have stabilised following the peak earlier in this financial year. Details are still awaited from the Department for Work and Pensions of how it intends to increase subsidy to councils that are Verification Framework compliant (as Eastbourne is).	
2.3.4	Weekly Incorrect Benefits Scheme	
	An announcement has been made by the Department of Work and Pensions (DWP) that there will be some protection for Councils who are out of pocket as a result of the change from the Weekly Benefit Savings (WBS) to the Weekly Incorrect Benefits Scheme (WIBS). This will be calculated on the basis of the level of WBS that we might have made had the scheme continued. Assuming this is the case, an estimate of the first quarter's WBS income would see equivalent WBS of £60,000 for the whole year. But these figures have yet to be confirmed by the DWP.	
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	Working on the (reasonable) assumption of this protection, the previous income shortfall of £100,000 has been revised down to £80,000. In addition, there is a saving of £15,000 on legal fees because of the absence of prosecutions so far this year. Overall there is an improvement of £35,000 compared with the forecast made last month.
2.3.5	Treasury Management Costs
	Last months Cabinet decision to repay a loan of £3.5 million was implemented on 19 <sup>th</sup> September.
	Income improvements within Tourism and Leisure services during August - as detailed in paragraphs 2.3.1 and 2.4.1 - have reduced its need to call on support from the Strategic Change Fund. Consequently, there is now an additional £34,000 available that can be redirected to help finance the share of the cost of the loan repayment premium that falls to the General Fund in this year. As a result of this, last months forecast overspend of £150,000 has been reduced by £34,000 down to £116,000.
	The repayment of this loan has introduced some protection for next years General Fund budget. However, we will continue to look for other opportunities which can reduce the General Fund costs for next year and beyond, and which can be implemented within the Council's agreed treasury management strategy.
2.4.	Other significant month on month movements
	In addition to the freeze of £140,000 mentioned at the foot of paragraph 2.1, and the movements in the key risk areas detailed in paragraph 2.3, there have been the following significant changes to the forecast outturn -
2.4.1	<u>Theatres</u>
	The trading account is now predicting an extra surplus of £19,000 compared with the budget. This relates primarily to the continuing success of theatre shows - not only in financial terms but also in terms of patronage, repeat business, publicity and critical acclaim - and also to a welcome increase in lettings.

	Income during August was especially good at all of our car pa outturn, officers have assumed that the same amount of incom remainder of this year as was achieved last year. On this basis extra surplus of £62,000 compared with £16,000 last month -	s the prediction is now for an
2.4.3	Planning Appeal	
	I mentioned in last months monitoring report the likely costs of planning appeal. This figure has now been factored into the forconfirmation of this costing is still awaited.	-
2.5	Action To Eliminate Overspend	
2.5.1	Strategic Change Fund	
	The strategic change fund last year out of the proceed Council's successful rating the Sovereign Centre. Net this produced £258,000.	eds of the g appeal on
	This sum is currently earmarked to meet the following costs -	
		£'000
	Tourism and Leisure income shortfalls	81

Coastline Caterers consultancy	27
Community Finance restructuring	40
Best Value Review of Leisure - condition surveys	11
Premium on debt repayment - shortfall	99
	258
Whereas the other earmark are financing one off costs, £81,000 set aside to meet the and Leisure income shortfato reduce the forecast outtuthat still leaves £243,000 of forecast outturn to be dealt bring the budget back on ta	the ne Tourism alls serves arn. But the with to

Potential Improvements
Extra Income
It is possible that for Housing Benefits (paragraphs 2.3.3 and 2.3.4), Theatres (paragraph 2.4.1), and Car Parks (paragraph 2.4.2), extra income may be generated above that which is currently forecast. But this is by no means certain and can only be relied upon when it is actually received.
Similarly, it is possible that extra income above budget expectations will be generated elsewhere within the council, for example in land charges.
But once again this is by no means certain and can only be relied upon when it is actually received.
However, the instruction to officers is that any extra income generated above budget is to be held against the forecast overspend.

	It is possible that the costs of the planning appeal (paragraph 2.4.3) will not be as high as current expectations. Similarly, it is possible that other costs may not be as high as forecast. But as with income, these gains cannot be relied upon until they have actually been achieved.
	The instruction to officers is that any expenditure saving that does not jeopardise agreed service delivery is to be held against the forecast overspend.
_	Other Options
	It is unrealistic to expect that the use of the strategic change fund and potential improvements in income and expenditure will produce the full £324,000 necessary to bridge the current budget gap. In order to do so, each of the Directors, together with their respective Cabinet Member, will meet with the Director of Finance and Corporate Services and the Cabinet lead member for finance to determine how their departmental budget can be delivered within, or better than, the approved budget. This is in line with the recommendation approved by Cabinet at its last meeting.
	The outcomes of these meetings will be reported back to Cabinet as soon as the series of meetings has been concluded.

3.0	Consultations		
3.1	Not relevant for this report.		
4.0	<u>Implications</u>		
4.1	There are no other relevant implications for this report.		
	CHugh		
	or of Finance and Corporate Services		
Backg	round Papers:		
Civic I	Civic Budget 2002-2003		
Reven	Revenue and Capital Monitoring Report – Cabinet 1 <sup>st</sup> August 2002		
Reven	Revenue and Capital Monitoring Report – Cabinet 5 <sup>th</sup> September 2002		
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